## **Digital Signal Processing ENGR 4333/5333**

## Test 2

Date:

## Time:

Name:

Q1) Use convolution definition to find the zero-state response y[n] for the input x[n] = 2u[n] of an LTID system described by the impulse response  $h[n] = (0.3)^n u[n]$ .

Q2) For the LTID system descripted by the impulse response

 $h[n] = (0.6)^n u[n].$ 

- a) Determine the frequency response  $H(\Omega)$  of the system using the DTFT definition.
- b) Determine the zero-state response y[n] for the everlasting input  $x[n] = \cos(0.5\pi n)$ .

Q3) For the LTID system specified by the difference equation

y[n] - 0.81y[n-2] = x[n-3].

- a) Determine the frequency response  $H(\Omega)$  of the system
- b) Determine the zero-state response y[n] for the input  $x[n] = (0.8)^n u[n]$

Q4) The DTFT of the input  $X(\Omega)$  and the frequency response of the system  $H(\Omega)$  are shown below

$$X(\Omega) = \frac{0.5e^{j\Omega}}{\left(e^{j\Omega} - 0.5\right)^2} \qquad \qquad H(\Omega) = e^{-j3\Omega}$$

a) Find  $Y(\Omega)$ 

- b) Find y[n]
- c) What does the system  $H(\Omega)$  do to the input?

**Q5)** For the signal  $x[n] = 3/16 \operatorname{sinc}(3n/16)$ ,

- a) Find the M = 2 down sampled signal  $x_{\downarrow}[n]$ .
- b) What is the maximum factor *M* that still permits lossless (no aliasing) down sampling?
- c) Find the spectrum  $X_{\downarrow}(\Omega)$  from  $X(\Omega)$